MONITOR 2001 – pilotné testovanie maturantov



Anglický jazyk Test Aj-2 (začiatočníci) forma A

Odborný garant projektu: Šátny pedagogický ústav, Bratislava

Realizácia projektu: EXAM ®, Bratislava

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Section I – Listening (50 marks)

Tento oddiel testu sa skladá z troch častí. Ku každej časti si vypočujete nahrávku, pričom každú nahrávku budete počuť <u>dvakrát</u>. Počas počúvania nahrávky odpovedajte na otázky v príslušnej časti. Sledujte inštrukcie: odpovede na otázky v 1. a 2. časti vyznačte v odpoveďovom hárku označenom . odpove-

de na otázky v 3. časti vpíšte do odpoveďového hárka označeného 💆.

Part 1: Police Announcement (10 marks)

You will hear a Police Announcement. For questions 01 - 05, choose the correct answer (A), (B), (C) or (D).

Mark your answers on the answer sheet labelled 🗶 .

01	The robbery took place	
	(A) in the north of London.	(B) in the east of London.
	(C) in the centre of London.	(D) in the west of London.
02	Two of the criminals are older than	
	(A) fifty-five.	(B) sixty-five.
	(C) seventy-five.	(D) eighty-five.
03	The first criminal is	
	(A) short and bearded.	(B) short and wears glasses.
	(C) tall and wears glasses.	(D) tall and clean shaven.
04	The second man is tall and has a scar	
	(A) on his chin.	(B) on his forehead.
	(C) on his right cheek.	(D) on his left cheek.
05	Two of the criminals	
	(A) are bearded.	(B) are wearing jeans.
	(C) have nicknames.	(D) have guns.

Part 2: Booking a Holiday (20 marks)

You will hear a man trying to book a holiday at a travel agency. Listen and for questions **06** – **15** decide whether the statements are true or false.

Mark your answers on the answer sheet labelled 🗶 .

06	Most of the trips organised by the travel agency still have vacancies.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
07	Both of the hotels are very near the beach.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
80	The man wants a holiday somewhere where it's not very hot.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
09	He will go on holiday alone.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?

10 The International Hotel is a three star hotel.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
11 A double room in the Stela Hotel is 490 pounds.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
12 The Stela Hotel is in the south of Spain.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
13 The man wants half board and a private shower.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
14 Neither of the hotels has a swimming pool.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
15 The International Hotel is on an island near Athens.	Is it true (T) or false (F)?
Part 3: Bill Gates – Founder of Micros You will hear a story about Bill Gates, the founder of Microsoft Compa	any. Listen and for questions 16 –
25 fill in the missing information. Do not use more than two words to a	
Write your answers on the answer sheet la	
Bill Gates became a billionaire when he was years old.	
Now his wealth is at several billions dollars.	
	emory.
	le when classes would meet.
He worked out a new class schedule and all his classes had the	girls.
His came when he was studying at Harvard U	niversity.
He worked for day and night with a colleague	to create Basic.
His company Microsoft settled in Seattle now employs	people.
24 Bill says: "I still love . I can sit and play with software al	l night long".
25 Bill Gates likes wearing clothes and large-rimmed glass	ses.
Go on to the next page.	

Section II – Language in Use (50 marks)

Tento oddiel testu sa skladá z troch častí. Jeho vypracovaniu by ste mali venovať 30 minút. Sledujte inštrukcie: odpovede na otázky v 1. časti vyznačte v odpoveďovom hárku označenom **X**, odpovede na otázky v 2. a 3. časti vpíšte do odpoveďového hárka označeného **2**.

Part 1: What's so funny? (25 marks)

Read the following article. For each of the numbered blanks 26 - 50, choose the correct word or phrase from the options below **(A)**, **(B)**, **(C)** or **(D)**.

Mark your answers on the answer sheet labelled 🗶 .

Laughter is a human reflex. Everyone, from babies to very old people, laughs. We like to laugh, but what's ... **26** ... funny? The simple answer ... **27** ... that question is that whatever you think is funny, and whatever you ... **28** ... think is funny isn't funny. Not ... **29** ... people laugh at the same things. If you don't understand the situation, or if there are words or gestures that you don't know, it ... **30** ... funny.

... 31 ... humour is socially conditioned. From childhood, we ... 32 ... to find some things funny and others funnier. Some kinds of humour are ... 33 ..., however, and one can find examples of certain types of humour in ... 34 ... cultures.

Humour based on visual input can be found ... **35** ... the world. The situations may differ ... **36** ... culture to culture, but the gist is the same: someone slips on a banana ... **37** ... or falls down some stairs, a ... **38** ... comedian acts out familiar scenes using exaggerated movements and without ... **39** ... a word, animals ... **40** ... in cartoons wearing human clothes, such as an elephant wearing a ballet skirt or a dog wearing sunglasses.

Humour that depends ... **41** ... language can also be found in every culture. This type of humour comes in the ... **42** ... of stories, satires (works ... **43** ... make fun of habits or ideas), plays on words based on ... **44** ... meanings, and so on. Because it so strongly reflects the cultural ... **45** ... and expectations, this type of humour is often difficult for those outside of the culture ... **46**

Most of the humour in our lives comes from what we see and do every day, from the jokes we tell each other, and from the silly moments we share. Sometimes we laugh to show solidarity with a group: women will laugh at a joke about how much trouble men ... 47 ...; teenagers will laugh at a joke about parents. The world is full of so many serious situations that we often protect ... 48 ... by finding something funny in even ... 49 ... situations. For many, the old saying is ... 50 ...: laughter is the best medicine.

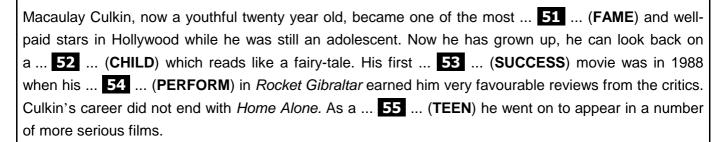
26	(A)	as	(B) too	(C) so	(D) such
27	(A)	to	(B) on	(C) for	(D) -
28	(A)	doesn't	(B) don't	(C) not	(D) isn't
29	(A)	whole	(B) every	(C) each	(D) all
30	(A)	may not be	(B) should not be	(C) must not be	(D) need not be
31	(A)	Lots	(B) A lot	(C) Much	(D) Many

32	(A)	are teaching	(B)	teach	(C)	taught	(D)	are taught
33	(A)	unique	(B)	universal	(C)	worldwide	(D)	social
34	(A)	most	(B)	the majority	(C)	the most	(D)	majority
35	(A)	over	(B)	through	(C)	throughout	(D)	on
36	(A)	out of	(B)	to	(C)	of	(D)	from
37	(A)	coat	(B)	peel	(C)	cover	(D)	jacket
38	(A)	silent	(B)	unspoken	(C)	soundless	(D)	noiseless
39	(A)	said	(B)	to say	(C)	say	(D)	saying
40	(A)	enter	(B)	show	(C)	appear	(D)	happen
41	(A)	on	(B)	from	(C)	in	(D)	of
42	(A)	design	(B)	shape	(C)	pattern	(D)	form
43	(A)	what	(B)	that	(C)	whose	(D)	who
44	(A)	couple	(B)	twin	(C)	double	(D)	twice
45	(A)	norms	(B)	measures	(C)	criteria	(D)	standards
46	(A)	understand	(B)	for understanding	(C)	understanding	(D)	to understand
47	(A)	will be	(B)	are	(C)	have been	(D)	were
48	(A)	each other	(B)	us	(C)	ourselves	(D)	ours
49	(A)	the most awful	(B)	awfully	(C)	more awful	(D)	awful
50	(A)	realistic	(B)	true	(C)	real	(D)	truth

Part 2: Fame and Fortune (5 marks)

Read through the following text. For each of the numbered blanks 51 - 55, use the word in capital letters to form a word which fits in the blank.

Write your answers on the answer sheet labelled ______.



Go on to the next page.

Part 3: Letter to Beth (20 marks)

For each of the numbered blanks **56** – **75**, find the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Write your answers on the answer sheet labelled



Dear Beth,

I'm sorry I ... 56 ... (write) to you for so long. I ... 57 ... (receive) your letter six weeks ago but I've been very busy. As you probably know I ... 58 ... (be) in Wales since December. I came here ... [10] ... (learn) English. Since my arrival I ... [10] ... (improve) my English quite a lot but I'm still afraid of... 61 ... (make) mistakes.

I like my stay here. A few weeks ago I ... (go) to a disco and met an Italian boy ... 63 ... (call) Giampietro. He is a nice person. His English is not very good and sometimes it's difficult ... 64. (understand) him.

Sorry I have to stop my writing for a while, because somebody ... (knock) at the door. I ... 66 ... (go) and answer it.

That was Giampietro with the tickets, we ... 67 ... (go) to the cinema this evening and we are leaving as soon as I ... 68 ... (finish) this letter.

Wales is a beautiful country and I like it very much. ... 69 ... (ever be you) to Wales? Why don't you come and see me before I ... 70 ... (return) back home? If I ... 71 ... (be) you, I would pack the luggage and catch the first plane to Cardiff. Let me ... 72 ... (know) when you can come.

How are your parents? ... (give) them my kind regards. Hope ... 74 ... (hear) from you soon.

With love,

Pat

P.S. I ... **75** ... (**enclose**) some photos in this letter.

Section III – Reading (50 marks)

Tento oddiel testu sa skladá z troch častí. Jeho vypracovaniu by ste mali venovať 30 minút. Sledujte inštrukcie: odpovede na otázky vo všetkých častiach vyznačte v odpoveďovom hárku označenom .

Part 1: The Beat goes on ... (12 marks)

Read the text and for the questions 76 - 81 put the paragraphs (A) - (G) into the right order. There is one more paragraph, which you don't need.

Mark your answers on the answer sheet labelled X.

- (A) Ringo replaced Pete Best as drummer when the group were doing regular gigs at The Cavern a famous Liverpool club in the cellar of a 19th-century building. The crowd was not positive. "We want Pete," the fans cried out when Ringo started to play. He was soon to feel welcome, though, when less than three months later, in December 1962, the group's first hit record, *Love Me Do*, got into the charts.
- (B) Just three months after that *Please Please Me* reached number one. It was followed by a series of other hits and suddenly The Beatles were superstars. They had a great effect on teenage girls. All their early songs were about love nothing new there but their approach was different. Gone were the days of sentimental singing when artists like Frank Sinatra filled the theatres with teenagers. The Beatles shouted about love, their songs were strong and youthful and it was exciting when they sang. "We haven't really got an act," said John Lennon just before The Beatles' first American tour. "We'll just do what we do. Stand there, sing and twitch."
- (C) In 1968, while sitting in his family's outside toilet in Sheffield, England, Joe Cocker had the idea of making a blues version in three-four time of The Beatles' song With a Little Help from My Friends. Within a few weeks of its release, it had reached number one in the UK charts.
- (D) This impression of living for the present, of being happy and carefree and going through life without great effort was a large part of the attraction of the early Beatles. Later, drugs, sex scandals and arguments spoilt this happy picture a bit. But in the end The Beatles will always be best remembered for their music.
- **(E)** In March 1963, an unknown group from the British city of Liverpool made it to number one in the charts with a song called *Please Please Me*. These four young men were just doing what they wanted to do play music and not work. They changed pop music by singing about the least understood emotion love.
- **(F)** The Beatles were also relaxed about their lives. When asked how long they would be popular, McCartney said: "We never used to think much about the future. But then everyone said 'How long will it last?'. So you start thinking about it. But there's no answer. It remains to be seen."
- (G) Originally, The Beatles started with three young musicians from Liverpool John Lennon, Paul McCartney and George Harrison who played first in groups called The Quarrymen and The Silver Beatles. It was only when they were already performing as The Beatles in 1962 that Ringo Starr joined.
- 76 From the paragraphs (A) (G), which is the 1st paragraph of this article?
- From the paragraphs (A) (G), which is the 2^{nd} paragraph of this article?
- **78** From the paragraphs **(A) (G)**, which is the 3^{rd} paragraph of this article?
- From the paragraphs (A) (G), which is the 4^{th} paragraph of this article?
- From the paragraphs **(A) (G)**, which is the 5th paragraph of this article?
- From the paragraphs (A) (G), which is the 6th paragraph of this article?

Part 2: No Free Trip To America (20 marks)

Read the following text and for the questions 82 - 91 decide whether the statements are true or false. Confirm your choice with the letter of the paragraph (A) - (E) in which it is stated.

Mark your answers on the answer sheet labelled

- (A) Six boys, aged seven to nine, nearly got a free trip to America last Sunday. They got on to the 42,000-ton ship Oriana, one of the world's biggest passenger liners, by saying that their parents had their tickets and passports. As the ship sailed from Southampton on its way to the Caribbean and America, the boys laughed and waved goodbye to policemen standing on the dockside.
- (B) Unfortunately for them, the boys were discovered when they asked a sailor the way to the 'cafe'. The sailor took them to the Captain, who checked up on them and radioed for a police boat to take them back to Southampton. The boys are now in a children's home while police try to trace their parents.
- (C) Two of the boys are called John, there are two Davids (aged seven and nine), and the others are called Larry and Michael. They say that their surname is Power, and claim to be brothers or cousins. Nine-year-old David said that their parents' caravan was moved on by police from its site near Heathrow Airport on Sunday morning. The boys came back from swimming trip and found their home gone.

(D)	The boys took the Underground to Waterloo, bought platform tickets, and got on the boat train to Southampton. When they arrived there they thought it would be great to go to America, and boarded the Oriana.					
(E)	Apparently this was not the first time the boys had experimented with foreign travel. They told police that a few weeks ago they went to France on a hovercraft, but were picked up by French police at Amiens and sent home.					
82	A sailor showed the boys the way to the cafe.					
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
83	Some of the boy	s have the same firs	st names.			
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
84	Their previous a	ttempt to travel abro	ad illegally was stopped by French police.			
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
85	Police try to find	their parents.				
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
86	The boys managed to get on a passenger liner without tickets.					
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
87	The boys boarded the Oriana to have fun.					
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
88	Their parents had their tickets and passports.					
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
89	The Captain took them back to Southampton in a police boat.					
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
90	As the ship left Southampton the boys were in a good mood.					
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			
91	Their parents mo		m its site near Heathrow Airport.			
	(T) true	(F) false	Which of the paragraphs (A) – (E) supports your opinion?			

Part 3: Restaurant Guide (18 marks)

Read the following Restaurant guide and then answer questions 92 - 100.

Mark your answers on the answer sheet labelled |

(A) LA STRADA

Cheerful and friendly south Italian style restaurant. Mama Peroni serves while Papa makes delicious home-made pasta in the kitchen. Children welcome but you must book. Unlicensed so take your own wine. Open Sundays.

(B) FALSE DIAMONDS

Take a trip down memory Lane to the gangster days in the city of Chicago. It's trendy (with a disco at weekends) but you can take the kids. Best hamburgers in town served by a brisk and friendly young staff dressed up as gangsters and their girlfriends. Go and enjoy the fun. Closed Mondays.

LES TROIS SOEURS (C)

Eating is a serious business in this very smart and very expensive French restaurant. A lunchtime favourite for businessmen with expense accounts but, even for the average pocket, it's worth living on bread and cheese for a week just to taste the delicious food. Closed Sundays.

(D) LITTLE DIOGENES

A little bit of the Athens plaka in the midst of suburban London. Try the stuffed vine leaves, sip the retsina, close your eyes and you could be in Greece. Open after midnight so it's ideal if you

	want to eat after a show. Closed Sundays and Mondays.				
92	In which restaurant can you dance at weekends?				
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	
93	In which restauran	t are the waiters dressed	up as gangsters?		
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	
94	In which restauran	t can't you buy any wine?			
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	
95	Which restaurant i	s not open two days a wee	ek?		
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	
96	Which restaurant s	serves expensive food?			
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	
97	Which restaurant s	serves home-made pasta?)		
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	
98	Which restaurant s	seems suitable for teenage	ers?		
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	
99	In which restauran	t can you have late meals	?		
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	
100	In which resta	urant do you have to make	e your reservation in advar	nce?	
	(A) La Strada	(B) False Diamonds	(C) Les Trois Soeurs	(D) Little Diogenes	

Section IV – Writing (50 marks)

Na vypracovanie tohto oddielu máte 30 minút.

Zadanie tejto časti testu nájdete na <u>zadnej strane</u> odpoveďového hárka označeného <u>£</u>.

