

# **MATURITA 2011**

## **EXTERNÁ ČASŤ**

### **ANGLICKÝ JAZYK**

úroveň **B1**

**NEOTVÁRAJTE, POČKAJTE NA POKYN!  
PREČÍTAJTE SI NAJPRV POKYNY K TESTU!**

- Test obsahuje **60 úloh**.
- Na vypracovanie testu budete mať **100 minút**.
- Na začiatku každej úlohy sa z inštrukcií dozviete, ktorý odpoveďový hárok máte použiť.
- V teste sa stretnete s dvoma typmi úloh:
  - pri úlohách s výberom odpovede vyberte správnu odpoveď spomedzi niekoľkých ponúkaných možností, z ktorých je vždy správna iba jedna. Správnu odpoveď vyznačte krížikom do príslušného políčka odpoveďového hárka označeného piktogramom **x**,
  - pri úlohách s krátkou odpoveďou, ktorú tvorí jedno slovo, prípadne zložený slovesný tvar, píšete do príslušného poľa odpoveďového hárka označeného piktogramom **pen**.
- Pri práci smiete používať iba pero s čiernou alebo modrou náplňou. Nesmiete používať zošity, slovníky, učebnice ani inú literatúru.
- **Píšte čitateľne. Dôsledne rozlišujte veľké a malé písmená!**
- **Podrobnejšie pokyny na vyplňovanie odpoveďového hárka sú na poslednej strane testu. Prečítajte si ich.**

Želáme vám veľa úspechov!

**Začnite pracovať, až keď dostanete pokyn!**

**Section I – LISTENING (20 points)**

Táto časť testu sa skladá z troch nahrávok. Každú z nich budete počuť dvakrát. Počas počúvania odpovedajte na otázky prislúchajúce k jednotlivým nahrávkam. Sledujte inštrukcie a piktogramy, aby ste vedeli, na ktorý odpoveďový hárok máte vyznačovať svoje odpovede.

**Part 1: An Interview with Rod Stewart (7 points)**

Vypočujte si rozhovor s legendárnym spevákom Rodom Stewartom. Na základe vypočutého vyberte správnu odpoveď. Vždy je správna iba **jedna** z ponúkaných možností.

**Svoje odpovede vyznačte na odpoveďovom hárku označenom piktogramom x.**

Teraz máte dve minúty na prečítanie úloh 01 – 07.

**01** One of Rod's hobbies is .

(A) painting landscapes

(B) observing train models

(C) riding a bike

(D) playing cricket

**02** Rod has become a better parent because .

(A) he is cleverer

(B) he is older

(C) he does not spend so much time with friends

(D) he does not have so many concerts

**03** Rod has  taken care of his children's education.

(A) always

(B) sometimes

(C) rarely

(D) recently

**04** Rod tries to teach his son values such as politeness and .

(A) justice

(B) fairness

(C) courage

(D) thankfulness

**05** Rod and Penny's relationship is different from previous ones because .

(A) they met each other when they were older

(B) they were not under stress at any time

(C) they did not have any arguments

(D) they went out with each other longer

**06** Rod and Penny are keen on watching films .

(A) alone

(B) with their son

(C) with all Rod's children

(D) outdoors

**07** Rod and Penny enjoy Italy because .

(A) their son was born there

(B) they got married there

(C) they met there

(D) they have many friends there

## Part 2: Our Life with Animals (6 points)

Vypočujte si skutočný príbeh rodiny Clunesovcov o ich živote so zvieratami. Na základe vypočutého rozhodnite o každom z tvrdení **08 – 13**, či je pravdivé **(A)**, nepravdivé **(B)** alebo z nahrávky nevyplýva **(C)**.

**Svoje odpovede vyznačte na odpoveďovom hárku označenom piktogramom x.**

Teraz máte dve minúty na prečítanie úloh **08 – 13**.

**08** The Clunes family decided to change their lifestyle after their daughter was born.

(A) true                      (B) false                      (C) not stated

**09** The Labrador dog came to the family as the last pet.

(A) true                      (B) false                      (C) not stated

**10** One of the pets died when Martin was doing his job abroad.

(A) true                      (B) false                      (C) not stated

**11** Being with animals has frequently replaced watching TV.

(A) true                      (B) false                      (C) not stated

**12** Martin has fallen off the horse, Chester, at least twenty times.

(A) true                      (B) false                      (C) not stated

**13** Martin even considers sheep to be their pets.

(A) true                      (B) false                      (C) not stated

**Test pokračuje na ďalšej strane**

**Part 3: Six Ways to Improve Your Health (7 points)**

Vypočujte si rozhlasovú reláciu, v ktorej odborníci radia, ako zlepšiť zdravie. Dozviete sa 6 praktických rád. Tieto sú zhrnuté vo vetách označených **14 – 20**, avšak nie v poradí, v akom ste ich počuli v nahrávke. Na základe vypočutého zoradte vety do správneho poradia tak, že zapíšete do odpovedového hárka ku každej z nich príslušné poradové číslo od 1 do 6. Pozor, **jedna** veta je navyše a obsahuje informáciu, ktorú ste v nahrávke nepočuli. K tejto vete napíšete do odpovedového hárka označenie **X**.

**Svoje odpovede napíšete na odpovedový hárak označený piktogramom .**

Teraz máte dve minúty na prečítanie úloh.

**14** Find new ways of doing old things.

**15** Improve your performance with vitamins.

**16** Don't do everything sitting down.

**17** Speed up your movement.

**18** Spices can improve nutrition.

**19** Use this after sweet meals.

**20** Calm down with a nice melody.

**Koniec prvej časti testu**

NÚCEN

***Test pokračuje na ďalšej strane***

**Section II – LANGUAGE IN USE (20 points)**

*Táto časť testu sa skladá z dvoch textov. Jej vypracovaniu by ste mali venovať približne 25 minút. Pri každom texte si všímajte piktogram, aby ste vedeli, ktorý odpoveďový hárok máte použiť.*

**Part 1: Thanksgiving Day (10 points)**

*V nasledujúcom texte sú na miestach 21 – 30 vynechané slová. Za textom nájdete pre každé vynechané miesto štyri možnosti doplnenia. Rozhodnite, ktorá z ponúkaných možností (A) – (D) je správna. Vždy je správna iba **jedna** možnosť.*

Príklad:  – (C)

**Svoje odpovede vyznačte na odpoveďovom hárku označenom piktogramom  $\times$ .**

Almost every culture in the world  held celebrations of thanks for a harvest. The American Thanksgiving holiday began as a feast of thanksgiving in the early days of the American colonies almost four hundred years .

In 1620, a boat filled with more than one hundred people who sailed  the Atlantic Ocean to settle in the New World. This religious group had begun to question the beliefs of the Church of England and they wanted to  from it. The Pilgrims settled in  is now the state of Massachusetts. Their first winter in the New World was difficult. They had arrived  late to grow many crops, and without fresh food, half the colony died from disease. The following spring, the Iroquois Indians  them how to grow corn (maize), a new food for the colonists, and other crops in the unfamiliar  and how to hunt and fish.

In the autumn of 1621, bountiful crops of corn, barley, beans and pumpkins were harvested. The colonists had much to be thankful for, so a feast . They invited the local Indian chief and ninety Indians. The Indians brought deer to roast with the turkeys and other wild game  by the colonists. The colonists already knew how to cook cranberries and different kinds of corn and dishes from the Indians. To the first Thanksgiving, those Indians who , even brought popcorn.

00	(A) is	(B) was	(C) has	(D) did
21	(A) past	(B) before	(C) ahead	(D) ago
22	(A) along	(B) across	(C) through	(D) in
23	(A) divide	(B) cut off	(C) separate	(D) take apart
24	(A) what	(B) where	(C) which	(D) that
25	(A) enough	(B) too	(C) so	(D) such
26	(A) learned	(B) made	(C) gave	(D) taught
27	(A) plain	(B) field	(C) soil	(D) space
28	(A) was planned	(B) planned	(C) has planned	(D) did plan
29	(A) offering	(B) offer	(C) offered	(D) to offer
30	(A) invited	(B) were invited	(C) have invited	(D) have been invited

*Test pokračuje na ďalšej strane*

**Part 2: Dolphins Save Surfer from Shark (10 points)**

V nasledujúcom texte sú na miestach 31 – 40 vynechané slová. Doplňte vždy iba **jedno** slovo.

Príklad:  – out

**Svoje odpovede napíšte na odpoveďový hárok označený piktogramom .**

Surfer Todd Endris needed a miracle. The shark – a monster great white that came  of nowhere – had hit him three times, peeling the skin off his back. That's when bottlenose dolphins intervened, forming a protective ring around Endris, allowing him  get to shore, where quick first aid provided  a friend saved his life.

'Truly a miracle,' Endris told TODAY's Natalie Morales on Thursday.

The attack occurred  Tuesday, Aug. 28, just before 11 a.m., at Marina State Park, Monterey, Calif., where the 24-year-old owner of Monterey Aquarium Services had gone with friends for a day of the sport which  love. Nearly four months later, Endris, who is still undergoing physical therapy to repair muscle damage suffered during the attack, is back in the water and on his board in  same spot where he almost lost his life.

'It came out of nowhere. There was no warning  all. Maybe I saw it a quarter second before it hit . But no warning. It was just a giant shark,' Endris said. 'It just shows you  perfect predators they really are.'

The shark, estimated at 12 to 15 feet long, hit him first as Endris  sitting on his surfboard, but couldn't get its monster jaws around  the surfer and the surfboard. 'I was very lucky,' Endris said.

**Koniec druhej časti testu**



NÚCEN

***Test pokračuje na ďalšej strane***

**Section III – READING (20 points)**

*Táto časť testu sa skladá z troch ukážok. Jej vypracovaniu by ste mali venovať približne 45 minút. Pri každom texte si všímajte piktogram, aby ste vedeli, ktorý odpovedový hárok máte použiť.*

**Part 1: Fears and Phobias (7 points)**

*Prečítajte si nasledujúci text. K úlohám 41 – 47 priradte vhodnú vetu spomedzi možností (A) – (J). Tri vety sa nedajú priradiť k žiadnej z úloh. Vždy existuje iba **jedno** správne riešenie.*

**Svoje odpovede vyznačte na odpovedovom hárku označenom piktogramom x.**

Fear is an important protective instinct. When there is a sign of danger, certain chemicals are released into the blood. These produce physical effects that can help us to overcome danger. For example, blood is directed to the muscles to make them stronger and sweating increases to cool down the muscles.  This is why we go 'white with fear' and feel sweaty and cold at the same time.

All these symptoms are natural and healthy when we are faced with danger. For many people they can even be exciting and pleasurable so long as they can be controlled.  But some people experience fears for reasons that are not clear. This is very common in childhood. For example, Tom from Realing writes, 'I am nine years old and I have a terrible fear of fire.

Allan from Seanea is scared of being alone in a dark room: 'When I go to bed, I close my curtains and open my door wide.

Many of these childhood fears, such as fear of the dark or of storms, disappear as the child grows older. For some, however, the fear turns into a phobia.

Phobias are fears which can be so strong that they can send your mind into panic and paralyse your body, although there is no reason for them. The most common phobias are a fear of heights, closed spaces, spiders or flying.  They can include the fear of running water or even fear of going to the hairdresser's.

Most phobias can be overcome.  It is also useful to learn to be more rational about what you fear. There are many people who have phobias but live normal lives by facing what they fear and learning to overcome it.

(A) I also have all the lights on outside my room.

(B) They're still scared of falling from high places.

(C) I keep having nightmares about it.

(D) Some people hate horror stories and films.

(E) Also, faster breathing provides more oxygen.

(F) However you do it, the important thing is to control the fear before it controls you.

(G) One way of doing this is by discussing them.

(H) That is why we can enjoy fun-fair rides or horror films.

(I) On the other hand, people don't like to say they have phobias.

(J) But there are endless uncommon phobias too.

***Test pokračuje na ďalšej strane***

## Part 2: Set Up Guides for a Webex Conference Call (6 points)

Prečítajte si nasledujúci text. Rozhodnite o každom tvrdení 48 – 53, či je pravdivé (A) alebo nepravdivé (B). Uvedte vždy aj označenie toho odseku (a) – (e), na základe ktorého ste rozhodli o pravdivosti alebo nepravdivosti daného tvrdenia. Vždy existuje iba **jedno** správne riešenie.

**Svoje odpovede vyznačte na odpoveďovom hárku označenom piktogramom x.**

- (a) Webex is commonly known as a meeting program which allows its users to deliver presentations online by using audio-conferencing tools. This program allows the users to schedule the meetings easily as well as invite those attending through an email by using Microsoft Outlook.
- (b) Furthermore, this kind of program is able to provide some options to make the meetings run efficiently with a private environment and complete security. Yet some users still have no idea how to set up this program at first. There are several steps you have to take to install this program appropriately.
- (c) The first thing to do is to keep the date of the Webex conference call on a public Webex calendar, which is available in Microsoft Outlook. You can open Outlook from your computer by double-clicking on 'Folders'. Then, choose the Webex folder. Enter the password you want to use. The next step is to select the time and the date for the conference call.
- (d) The second thing is to set up the Webex meeting in Outlook. Navigate the cursor onto the button of 'Schedule meeting'. Then it will show a page on which you can fill in the meeting details. You can add the name of the meeting in the Microsoft appointment field. Enter the password of the meeting. To reserve the conference call, you have to set up another password. In addition, you have to include a password for each of the callers who need to join the conference.
- (e) Then, select the field of 'Invite Attendance'. Enter the addresses of the participants manually from the Global Address book. After that, you can send the invitation for the conference call directly simply by clicking the 'Send' button. However, make sure that you have entered all the details. For today's needs, an audio conference call is very efficient. By following the procedures above, you can now make your conference call easily.

**48** An organiser needs only one password to set up a conference.  
(A) true (B) false Which of the paragraphs (a) – (e) supports your answer?

**49** There are no dangers when using this program.  
(A) true (B) false Which of the paragraphs (a) – (e) supports your answer?

**50** The addresses of the participants can be entered from Outlook.  
(A) true (B) false Which of the paragraphs (a) – (e) supports your answer?

**51** The time and the date should be selected first.  
(A) true (B) false Which of the paragraphs (a) – (e) supports your answer?

**52** Presentations can be delivered online by using Webex.  
(A) true (B) false Which of the paragraphs (a) – (e) supports your answer?

**53** The date of the call can be kept on a Webex calendar.  
(A) true (B) false Which of the paragraphs (a) – (e) supports your answer?

*Test pokračuje na ďalšej strane*

**Part 3: Jules Verne (1828 – 1905) (7 points)**

Prečítajte si nasledujúci text. Za textom nasledujú vety, v ktorých chýbajú slová 54 – 60. Doplňte ich. Doplňte **jedno** alebo **dve** slová.

**Svoje odpovede napíšte na odpoved'ový hárok označený piktogramom .**

Often ignored by English critics, Jules Verne was a productive writer whose work combined a lively imagination with a gift for popularizing science and travel. He remains among the classic writers of nineteenth-century French literature.

Born in Nantes, Jules was the eldest of five children. His father Pierre, a successful lawyer, was known to write occasional verse but encouraged his son to follow the family profession, which Verne did. After he had finished the *Lycée* in Nantes in 1847, Jules went to Paris to study law.

For the next ten years he devoted himself to his real interest, writing, living an artist's existence in several dark, uncomfortable places. During this time he received moderate success with his plays, and it is thought that about seven of his works were put on stage or were published.

In 1857 – after he married Honorine de Viane, a widow with two daughters – Verne became a stockbroker and for a time his interests kept changing between the stock exchange and the theatre. It was not until the success of some of his traveller's tales which he wrote for *Musée des familles* that his true talent for imaginative travel stories was seen. The success of *Five Weeks in a Balloon* (1862) led to a partnership between Verne and the publisher Hetzel that lasted for forty years and was intended, in Hetzel's own words, 'to sum up all the geographical, geological, physical and astronomical knowledge gained by modern science, and to rewrite the history of the world'.

Between the publication of *Journey to the Centre of the Earth* (1864) and his death Verne wrote sixty-three novels. Verne himself travelled widely in Europe, North Africa and America and was a keen yachtsman. He divided his time between Paris, Amiens and his yacht, but for reasons which remain a mystery, he suddenly sold his yacht in 1886 and never travelled again.

Later, he was shot by his mentally unstable nephew, leaving him disabled. Jules Verne died in Amiens in 1905. After his death several works bearing his name appeared, but it has since been discovered that Verne's son Michel wrote most of them.

54 Jules Verne had [ ] siblings.	(1 word)
55 There was a time when he did not know whether to concentrate on the [ ] or stock exchange.	(1 word)
56 Why Verne sold his yacht is a [ ] .	(1 word)
57 Verne, as a writer, was not respected by [ ] [ ] .	(2 words)
58 Some of Verne's works published after his death were probably written or rewritten by [ ] [ ] .	(2 words)
59 Jules Verne's father was an occasional writer of [ ] .	(1 word)
60 Before Verne's [ ] , some of his plays were performed or published.	(1 word)

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**KONIEC TESTU**

## Pokyny na vyplňovanie odpovedového hárka

Odpovedové hárky budú skenované, nesmú sa kopírovať.  
Aby skener vedel prečítať vaše odpovede, musíte dodržať nasledujúce pokyny:

- Píšte perom s čiernou alebo modrou náplňou. Nepoužívajte tradičné plniace perá, veľmi tenko píšuce perá, obyčajné ceruzky ani pentelky.
- Textové polia (kód školy, kód testu, kód žiaka, ...) vyplňte veľkými tlačenými písmenami alebo číslicami podľa nižšie uvedeného vzoru. Vpisované údaje nesmú presahovať políčka určené na vpisovanie.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

- Riešenia úloh s výberom odpovede zapisujte krížikom .

- **Správne zaznačenie odpovede**  
A B C D E  

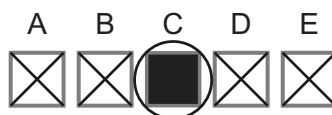

- **Nesprávne zaznačenie odpovede**  
A B C D E  


- **Nesprávne zaznačenie odpovede**  
A B C D E  


- V prípade chybného vyplnenia údajov alebo odpovedí postupujte podľa nasledujúcich pokynov. V žiadnom prípade nepožadujte nový odpovedový hárak.
- Keď sa pomýlite alebo neskôr zmeníte názor, úplne zaplňte políčko s nesprávnym krížikom a urobte nový krížik.



- Ak náhodou znovu zmeníte názor a chcete zaznačiť pôvodnú odpoveď, urobte krížiky do všetkých políčok a zaplnené políčko dajte do krúžku.



- Riešenia úloh s krátkou odpoveďou napíšte do príslušného poľa odpovedového hárka čitateľne bežným písmom. Pri použití tlačeného písma rozlišujte **veľké** a **malé** písmená. **Nepoužívajte iba veľké tlačené písmená!**

**Neotvárajte test, pokiaľ nedostanete pokyn!**